

**Use the social P.A.T. guide to answer the following questions. If you prepare using the guide, you will pass.**

## Quiz - Demonstrate an Understanding of the Fundamental Principles of Democracy

During a plebiscite held in **i**, a majority of the electorate voted for the creation of **ii**.

1. Which of the following tables contains the information that completes the given statement?
  - A. Quebec (i), Labrador (ii)
  - B. Quebec (i), Nunavut (ii)
  - C. Northwest Territories (i), The Yukon Territory (ii)
  - D. Northwest Territories (i), Nunavut (ii)
2. A plebiscite is a procedure that can be described best as which of the following forms of democracy?
  - A. Representative government
  - B. Constitutional government
  - C. Majority government
  - D. Direct government
3. Which of the following examples **best** demonstrates the idea of direct democracy?
  - A. A teenager raising money for a local charity.
  - B. A teenager voting on their hockey team's name.
  - C. A teenager voting for a government president in school.
  - D. A teenager nominating another student to be the class representative.

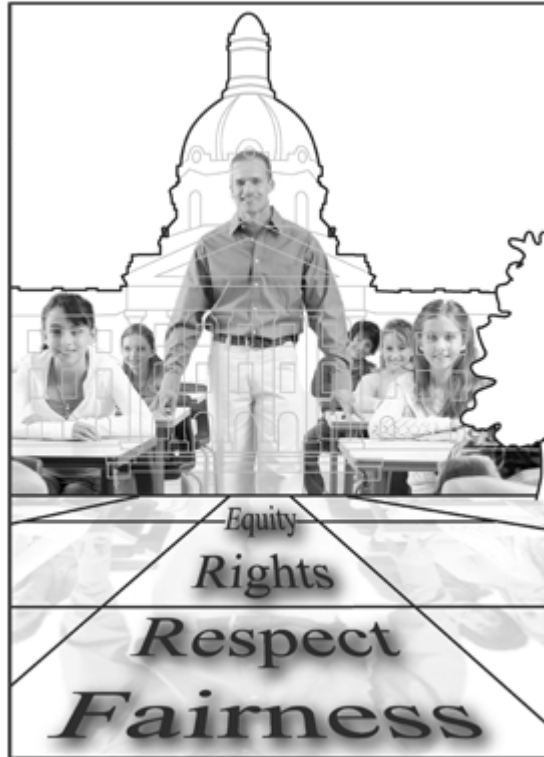
Canada's justice system seeks to protect the democratic and constitutional rights of Canadians by ensuring that laws are obeyed, and that the rights and freedoms contained in the Canadian Charter of Rights and Freedoms are respected.

4. Laws that are interpreted by Canada's justice system were originally the result of
  - A. votes cast by Canadian citizens
  - B. agreements made between individuals
  - C. legislative decisions made by politicians
  - D. agreements made between groups of individuals and organizations

During elections, citizens can vote for a candidate who expresses their concerns and viewpoints to government.

5. Which of the following principles of democracy is **most likely** associated with the given statement?
  - A. Equity
  - B. Justice
  - C. Representation
  - D. Freedoms

6. Which of the following actions is the **best** example of one responsibility of citizens in a democracy?
- A. Voting wisely
  - B. Becoming candidates in an election
  - C. Writing letters to the editor of a newspaper
  - D. Telling friends about an important government decision



7. Which of the following statements best represents the artist's message in the given drawing?
- A. Government offers many career opportunities when a person is older.
  - B. Government acts as a window from which to view the world.
  - C. Government is evident throughout society.
  - D. Government reflects society's values.

*Use the following information to answer the question.*

FIGMENTON, AB: A local group, the Alberta First Coalition (AFC), is concerned about the number of immigrants coming to the city from other provinces.

"Albertan jobs should be going to Albertans," said AFC leader Robert Jones.

"Also, the influx of people from other provinces is putting a real strain on the town's resources. We will ask the government to limit immigration from these provinces."

However, a prominent Figmenton lawyer, Jaroslav Jezek, doubts the group will succeed.

"Such a law would violate the Canadian Charter of Rights and Freedoms," said Jezek.

8. If the Alberta government were to pass a law limiting immigration from the other provinces, it would be overturned by the
- A. Prime minister

- B. Supreme court
- C. Governor General
- D. Lieutenant-governor

9. The law proposed by the AFC would violate the immigrants'
- A. Legal rights
  - B. Equality rights
  - C. Mobility rights
  - D. Democratic rights

All Canadian citizens have the right to vote, and citizens have the responsibility to be informed. In order to be informed, citizens need to learn about candidates and about issues prior to an election.

10. The **most** effective way to learn about issues prior to an election is to
- A. Study newspapers and news magazines
  - B. Discuss issues with friends and acquaintances
  - C. Research issues using The Canadian Encyclopedia
  - D. Watch the television news or listen to the radio news

Use the following information to answer the question.

During the early 1200s, nobles in England took part in uprisings against King John. The nobles were unhappy that the King unfairly taxed them, wrongly imprisoned and punished them, and passed laws without consulting the people. The King did not have to follow the law. Under pressure from the growing discontent, the King signed a charter called the Magna Carta in 1215. The Magna Carta limited the power that the King had over the people and ensured that everyone, including the King, had to obey the law. In return, the nobles promised to support the King. Historically, the Magna Carta was a major step toward democracy.

11. The **main** intent of the nobles in creating the Magna Carta was **most likely** to ensure
- A. Equal rights among all persons
  - B. Representative government
  - C. Responsible government
  - D. Low taxes for the nobles

Use the following information to answer the question.

**Situation I**

Chung is thinking about the elections for his school's student council. He could vote for Alicia, who has a lot of good ideas about how to improve the school's music program. However, Prasad made a great speech about community involvement. Finally, there is Tyler, who is a big supporter of the school's sports teams.

**Situation II**

The students of Ms. Ebadi's class have decided to put on a play to raise money for charity. The only question left is to choose the charity they will give the money to. They have

narrowed it down to three choices: the local animal shelter, the Food Bank, and an international charity for poor children in Africa. Each student gets to vote for the charity they prefer, and the money will go to the charity that gets the most votes.

**Situation III**

Lata is excited. She and her brothers all received great marks in school this year. As a reward, her parents are going to take the children to an event of their choice. Their choices include going to the zoo, to a play, or to a football game. The choice is up to Lata and her brothers, but all three children have to agree on the event. Lata plans to talk it over with her brothers after dinner.

**Situation IV**

Friday is going to be a special day for Ms. Westerlund's class because she has arranged for her class to go on a field trip to a Cree village. In the morning, they will learn about Cree culture and history. For lunch, they will try some traditional Cree dishes. In the afternoon, the children of the village are going to perform a ceremonial dance. The students cannot wait for Friday to arrive.

12. Which of the given situations is the **least** democratic?

- A. Situation I
- B. Situation II
- C. Situation III
- D. Situation IV

13. Which of the given situations **most closely** resembles Canada's political system?

- A. Situation I
- B. Situation II
- C. Situation III
- D. Situation IV

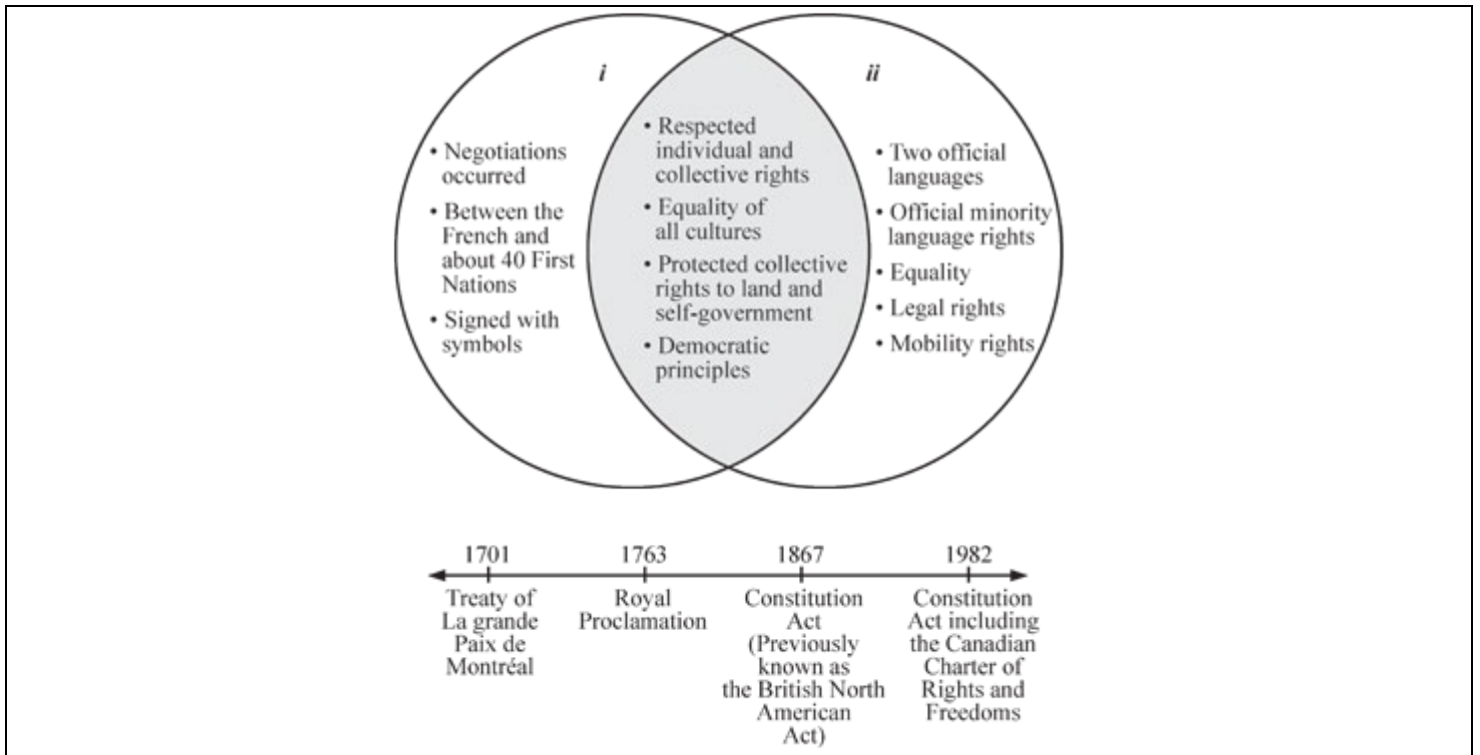
14. Following the creation of the Canadian Charter of Rights and Freedoms, Canada's justice system has needed to examine and interpret a number of appealed provincial laws in order to ensure that

- A. appealed laws remain in use in Canada
- B. citizens' rights and freedoms are protected
- C. the collective rights of all Canadians are protected
- D. provincial laws are in agreement with municipal laws

15. During elections, citizens can vote for a candidate who expresses their concerns and viewpoints to government. Which of the following principles of democracy is **most likely** associated with the given statement?

- A. Equity
- B. Justice
- C. Freedoms
- D. Representation

## Practice Quiz – Canadian Charter of Rights and Freedoms



1. According to the given Venn diagram, which of the following historic events are most likely represented by *i* and *ii*?

<p><b>a</b></p> <p><i>i</i> Royal Proclamation</p> <p><i>ii</i> British North America Act</p>	<p><b>b</b></p> <p><i>i</i> Constitution Act (1982)</p> <p><i>ii</i> Treaty of La Grande Paix</p>	<p><b>c</b></p> <p><i>i</i> Treaty of La Grande Paix</p> <p><i>ii</i> Canadian Charter of Rights and Freedoms</p>	<p><b>d</b></p> <p><i>i</i> British North America Act</p> <p><i>ii</i> Canadian Charter of Rights and Freedoms</p>
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2. The **main** reason that both the French and English languages are used in the federal government's services and communications is that
- most citizens in Canada are bilingual
  - there are two official languages in Canada
  - both French and English are used to teach students in Canadian schools
  - more services can be provided to citizens by offering them in two languages
3. The **main** reason that the Canadian Charter of Rights and Freedoms is entrenched in the Canadian Constitution is to
- guarantee and protect the democratic rights and freedoms of Canadians
  - enable Canada's different levels of government to create new laws
  - allow collective groups in Canada to achieve self-government
  - maintain a democratic system of government in Canada
4. The Canadian Charter of Rights and Freedoms protects the collective rights of official language minorities in Canada.

Which of the following groups of people would **most likely** be considered an official language minority in Canada?

- A. French-speaking Canadians living in Montreal
- B. Italian-speaking Canadians living in Lethbridge
- C. English-speaking Canadians living in Quebec City
- D. German-speaking Canadians living in Grande Prairie

Use the following information to answer the question.

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“Albertan jobs should be going to Albertans,” said AFC leader Robert Jones.

“Also, the influx of people from other provinces is putting a real strain on the town’s resources. We will ask the government to limit immigration from these provinces.”

However, a prominent Figmenton lawyer, Jaroslav Jezek, doubts the group will succeed.

“Such a law would violate the Canadian Charter of Rights and Freedoms,” said Jezek.

- 5. Many people in Figmenton are outraged at the attitude of the AFC. “I am disgusted that anyone could be so hostile toward fellow Canadians,” said Marie Beauchamp, a local businesswoman. “They are damaging the reputation of our city! I think that the AFC should be fined or even disbanded by the provincial government.” Can the provincial government legally fine or disband the AFC?
  - A. No, because AFC members have the right to free speech
  - B. Yes, because AFC members are abusing the right to free speech
  - C. No, because the provincial government does not interpret the Charter.
  - D. Yes, because the provincial government can interpret the Charter as it wishes.
- 6. Considering the long-term effects, which of the following statements **best** explains the outcome of the signing of the Treaty of La Grande Paix de Montréal?
  - A. The Treaty was a success because the feelings of compromise and respect for collective rights that developed between each First Nations group and the French during Treaty negotiations continued on for years to come.
  - B. The Treaty was a success because the colony of Montréal grew and prospered when the First Nations groups who were allies and enemies of the French ended their own conflicts.
  - C. The Treaty was a failure because several First Nations groups and the French did not respect each other’s collective rights when using the hunting lands near Lake Ontario.
  - D. The Treaty was a failure because the main goal of the Governor of New France was to protect the fur trade, but the Treaty gave control of the fur trade to the First Nations.
- 7. The purpose of the Treaty of La Grand Paix de Montréal was to
  - A. cede the land near Montréal to the French
  - B. make peace between warring First Nations
  - C. end the war between the Haudenosaunee and the French
  - D. establish trade between the Haudenosaunee and the French

8. The Canadian Charter of Rights and Freedoms is entrenched in the Canadian Constitution, which means that
- it only applies to federal laws and decisions
  - the government can never change the Charter
  - Charter rights and freedoms are essential laws
  - only Canadian citizens benefit from the Charter
9. As it is used in the phrase “the Canadian Charter of Rights and Freedoms is entrenched in the Constitution of Canada,” the **best** meaning of the word “entrenched” is
- attached
  - cemented
  - pasted firmly
  - written securely
10. In comparing the Treaty of La Grande Paix de Montréal (1701) to the Canadian Charter of Rights and Freedoms (1982), which of the following conclusions can **most likely** be made?
- Only the Charter respected the collective identity of First Nations groups.
  - Both the Treaty and the Charter can be considered human rights documents.
  - Neither the Treaty nor the Charter addressed the issue of equality among cultures.
  - Rights within the Charter give Canada’s Aboriginal peoples more independence today than they had at the time of the Treaty.
11. All of the following rights are considered collective and constitutional rights that Aboriginal peoples in Canada have or may seek in the future **except**
- the right to separate from Canada
  - the right to particular lands
  - the right to mineral profits
  - the right to self-govern
12. The Treaty of La Grand Paix de Montréal was significant to relations between the Aboriginal and non-Aboriginal people of the area because it
- forced the Aboriginal people to forfeit their lands to non-Aboriginals
  - highlighted the opposing worldviews of Aboriginals and non-Aboriginals
  - showed a great deal of respect for Aboriginal collective identity and rights
  - demonstrated the non-Aboriginal view that European values were superior
13. All of the following examples involve collective rights **except** for
- the rights of Francophones in Alberta
  - the rights of Aboriginal peoples to lands or resources where treaties do not exist
  - the right of Canadians to live in English-speaking or French-speaking communities
  - the right to receive federal government services in the English language in a French community



## PRACTICE QUIZ – LOCAL GOVERNMENT

Use the following information to answer the question.

The town council in Trentville conducted a survey to determine if citizens felt that a new recreation centre should be built. The survey had the following results:

1.	In favour of building a new recreation centre	402
2.	In favour of doing nothing new	225
3.	In favour of improving the existing rink, parks, playground, and swimming pool	900
4.	Undecided or no opinion	76

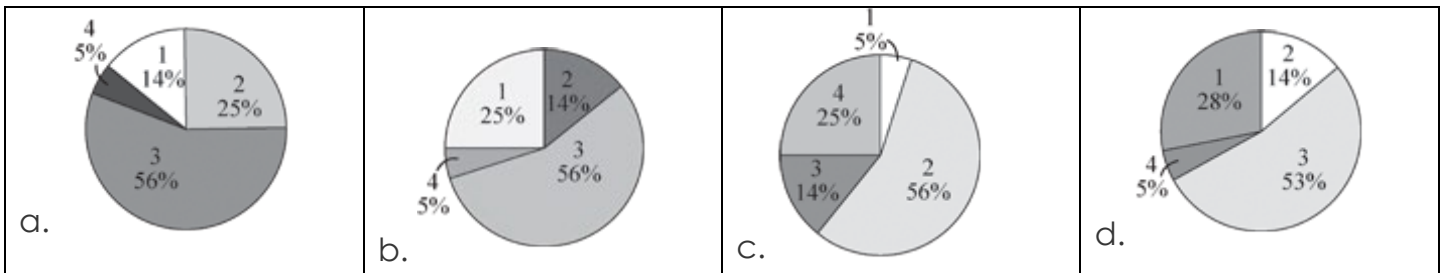
- Based on the results of the survey, the **most likely** action that the town council in Trentville will take is to
  - keep things as they are
  - build a new recreation centre
  - make improvements to existing recreation facilities
  - conduct another survey to see if the results are the same
- The **main** reason that local urban governments often have greater numbers of elected councillors than local rural governments is that
  - a greater number of by-elections are held in urban municipalities
  - more people live in urban municipalities, and they need to be represented in government
  - local urban governments have larger issues to deal with that require a greater number of councillors
  - more government department employees work in urban municipalities, and they need councillors to supervise them
- Which of the following conclusions **cannot** be made about Métis and First Nations forms of local government in Alberta?
  - Both the Métis and First Nations have representative government.
  - The Métis and the First Nations each have forms of self-government.
  - Both the Métis and First Nations have councils that make decisions for their communities.
  - The Métis and the First Nations create all of the laws that are followed in their communities.

Use the following information to answer the question.

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	In favour of building a new recreation centre	402
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	In favour of improving the existing rink, parks, playground, and swimming pool	900
	Undecided or no opinion	76

- Which of the following graphs **correctly** represents the given information?



Use the following information to answer the question.

At the Figmenton mayoral debate, there were four candidates. The candidates were asked to briefly summarize their priorities for the growing city.

**Candidate I**

In order to reduce traffic and pollution, I think that it is important to encourage people to take the bus more often. We will advertise public transit as an affordable, clean, safe, and convenient way for people to get around the city.

**Candidate II**

Unfortunately, a growing population brings a growing crime problem. If elected, I will work to increase the number of officers in the Figmenton Police Service, and I will make sure the police have the resources they need to do their jobs.

**Candidate III**

As our city grows, the strain on our healthcare system increases. We need to hire more doctors, nurses, and other healthcare professionals. We may even need to build new healthcare facilities to accommodate all the new people.

**Candidate IV**

Figmenton is a beautiful city, but littering and vandalism are becoming problems. No one wants to see garbage on the sidewalks, cigarette butts everywhere, and graffiti on the walls. If elected, I promise to tackle this problem as soon as possible.

5. Which candidate is **least likely** to be able to deliver on his or her campaign promises?
  - A. Candidate I
  - B. Candidate II
  - C. Candidate III
  - D. Candidate IV
  
6. Mrs. Martens has been closely following the campaigns of candidates running in her city's upcoming local election. She has been particularly impressed by the viewpoints of Candidate Leong, who seeks to represent the ward in which Mrs. Martens lives. But Mrs. Martens feels that she would like more information in order to make her final decision about which candidate to vote for.

Which of the following activities would likely help Mrs. Martens the **most** in making her decision about the candidate to vote for?

- A. Watching a news special about all the candidates
- B. Attending rallies being held by all of the candidates
- C. Phoning Candidate Leong and asking her some questions
- D. Reading Candidate Leong's biography about her previous experience

Use the following information to answer the question.

Many people in Trentville have strong opinions about a proposed recreation centre.

**Speaker I**

Do we really need a brand new centre? After all, we have a perfectly useable ice rink for the winter. It just needs the regular maintenance it always gets, for which we're already paying. And for the summer, we already have parks, playgrounds, and an outdoor pool. The pool does need upgrading, but we know that will only cost two million dollars.

**Speaker II**

The issue is perfectly clear. The responsibilities of our government are presented very clearly in law. Municipalities are responsible for parks and recreation. Our young people need healthy activity, and our town council has the obligation to do something. A new recreation centre may cost five million dollars, but the project is worth it.

**Speaker III**

The municipal government does have the responsibility for recreation centres. That is, if one is to be built, then a town government is responsible for building it. However, there is no law saying that a town has to have a recreation centre. Do we need a recreation centre at all? I think we are already paying enough money in taxes. In fact, we pay too much money. We should all be fit and active, but we can all look after our own health.

**Speaker IV**

A year-round swimming pool and year-round skating rink sure would be nice for this town. Nobody is getting enough exercise these days. But has anyone asked how much money the centre will cost every year to run? Maybe the five million dollars is just the tip of the iceberg. We might end up paying a lot more.

7. The speaker who **best** presents the viewpoint that the local government should meet its citizens' needs by building the recreation centre is
  - A. Speaker I
  - B. Speaker II
  - C. Speaker III
  - D. Speaker IV
  
8. Which of the following types of school boards in Alberta were **most likely** created in order to serve the needs of students with official language minority rights?
  - A. Public school boards
  - B. Charter school boards
  - C. Francophone school boards
  - D. First Nations school boards
  
9. For which of the following reasons would an agricultural department be more likely to exist within a rural local government than an urban local government?
  - A. Farming occurs in rural areas.
  - B. The weather can be better in a rural setting than in a city.
  - C. People living in rural locations always require agricultural services.
  - D. People living in rural locations are more interested in growing their own food than people living in cities.

Use the following information to answer the question.

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**Candidate I**

In order to reduce traffic and pollution, I think that it is important to encourage people to take the bus more often. We will advertise public transit as an affordable, clean, safe, and convenient way for people to get around the city.

**Candidate II**

Unfortunately, a growing population brings a growing crime problem. If elected, I will work to increase the number of officers in the Figmenton Police Service, and I will make sure the police have the resources they need to do their jobs.

**Candidate III**

As our city grows, the strain on our healthcare system increases. We need to hire more doctors, nurses, and other healthcare professionals. We may even need to build new healthcare facilities to accommodate all the new people.

**Candidate IV**

Figmenton is a beautiful city, but littering and vandalism are becoming problems. No one wants to see garbage on the sidewalks, cigarette butts everywhere, and graffiti on the walls. If elected, I promise to tackle this problem as soon as possible.

10. Which candidate's plan will **most likely** require a new bylaw?

- A. Candidate I
- B. Candidate II
- C. Candidate III
- D. Candidate IV

11. Which of the following criteria required for a candidate to run in a local election is **incorrect**?

- A. The candidate must be a Canadian citizen.
- B. The candidate must live in the municipality.
- C. The candidate must be at least 16 years of age.
- D. The candidate must be nominated by eligible voters.

Use the following information to answer the question.

Monique's family has just moved from Montréal to Figmenton. Her parents want her to attend a school where classes are taught in French. There are two choices. One is École des Prairies, which has a strong French immersion program. The other choice is École St. Jacques, a Catholic school where all instruction is in French.

12. The curriculum at École St. Jacques is **most likely** determined by the

- A. school
- B. school board
- C. municipal government
- D. provincial government

13. École des Prairies is **most likely** run by a

- A. public school board
- B. private school board
- C. separate school board

D. Francophone school board

14. Which of the following statements about school boards and municipal governments is **not** true?

- A. They both have a leadership team.
- B. They both create rules to be followed.
- C. They both have budgets that must be balanced.
- D. They both have a leader that is elected by the public.

15. Many local officials are elected to their positions; some are hired. All of the following positions are elected **except** that of a:

- A. city architect
- B. city councillor
- C. mayor
- D. reeve

## Practice Quiz – Provincial Government

During the spring of 2009, the Government of Alberta announced plans to increase the number of ridings (and, therefore, also the number of MLAs) in the provincial legislature from 83 to 87.

1. The Alberta government **most likely** wants to increase the number of constituencies in Alberta in order to
  - A. lessen the work done by MLAs in Alberta
  - B. ensure that MLAs represent Alberta's growing population better
  - C. redraw the boundaries of constituencies in the province of Alberta
  - D. bring the province of Alberta in to line with requirements of the Canadian Charter of Rights and Freedoms

Use the information to answer the question.

Reuven Weinberg is proud to be serving in the Alberta legislature. As a member of the Legislative Assembly, he can make a real difference for the people of South Figmenton. His constituents are worried about the increasing amount of pollution in the Little Red River, which provides water for the district. He has worked hard on a bill that would protect the river from pollution. He has also been an important part of the committee that examined the bill. He is sure it will work, and he is also sure that industries can adapt to the new law. He smiles to himself as he heads for the Chamber, which is where the Legislative Assembly meets. He is sure that the opposition MLAs will have plenty of tough questions for him!

2. Mr. Weinberg's bill is **most likely** being prepared for its
  - A. first reading
  - B. second reading
  - C. third reading
  - D. fourth reading
3. Mr. Weinberg's committee that examined the bill is **most likely** overseen by
  - A. Mr. Weinberg
  - B. a cabinet minister
  - C. an executive council
  - D. the lieutenant-governor
4. Mr. Weinberg's responsibilities as an MLA do **not** include
  - A. keeping his constituents informed about government issues and decisions
  - B. trying to resolve any problems his constituents may have with the government
  - C. informing the appropriate government department of his constituents' concerns
  - D. making sure that appropriate government services are available in his constituency
5. Mr Weinberg's bill can become a law only after it
  - A. is approved by the premier
  - B. is signed by the lieutenant-governor
  - C. has been reviewed by the Supreme Court
  - D. has received a majority vote in the legislature

6. The **main** responsibility for what is taught in Alberta's schools is held by
- the federal government
  - municipal governments
  - parents of schoolchildren
  - the provincial government
7. In which of the following areas of the Alberta government are laws created?
- Cabinet
  - Executive council
  - Legislative assembly
  - Office of the lieutenant-governor
8. Which of the following persons in government would the premier **most likely** appoint to assist with decision-making and policy planning in the cabinet?
- Any elected MLA
  - The lieutenant-governor
  - A member of the executive council
  - An elected member of the premier's political party
9. Presently in the Alberta Legislature, which of the following government officials does **not** belong to a political party?
- The premier
  - A cabinet minister
  - The lieutenant-governor
  - A member of the legislative assembly
10. The first reading of a bill introduced by an MLA takes place in the
- office of the lieutenant-governor
  - executive council office
  - legislative assembly
  - cabinet
11. In which of the following areas of the Alberta government are policies **most likely** decided upon and put into practice?
- Constituency offices
  - Cabinet departments
  - The executive council
  - The legislative assembly
12. Which of the following statements **most likely** explains the reason for the position of lieutenant-governor in the Alberta government?
- Canada is a colony of Britain and, therefore, the provinces each have a lieutenant-governor.
  - The lieutenant-governor serves as an advisor to the premier in matters of provincial and federal law.
  - If the premier were suddenly to retire or leave office, the lieutenant-governor would become the new premier.

D. Canada is by choice a member of the British Commonwealth, of which the lieutenant-governor is a representative.

13. A person **most likely** would contact the provincial government to express a concern about which of the following situations?

- A. A large number of potholes on the highway between Calgary and Edmonton
- B. An increase in the amount of property tax on a home in Red Deer
- C. An increase in vandalism in a city
- D. A lack of parks in their community

14. Different political parties in Canada **most likely** all have the same

- A. policies
- B. points of view
- C. political strategies
- D. democratic principles

Read the following information to answer the question.

The Alberta new brand initiative by the Alberta government seeks to attract investment in Alberta from world markets, promote the sale of Alberta's goods and services, and draw tourists to our province.

15. The **main** intent of the Alberta government's new brand incentive is to

- A. improve Alberta's economy
- B. develop Alberta's resources
- C. promote the development of tourism in Alberta
- D. increase the Alberta government's ties to world markets

16. The **most likely** reason that Elections Canada considers using Internet online voting during future elections in Canada is to

- A. increase candidate advertising to voters prior to elections
- B. decrease the amount of time necessary to hold elections
- C. increase the number of people voting in elections
- D. decrease the costs of holding elections



## Practice Quiz – Community Impact on Local & Provincial Governments

1. Which of the following actions would be the best way for an elected representative to initially find out how most citizens in the community feel about an issue?
  - A. Conducting a survey
  - B. Talking to people individually
  - C. Using advertisements to invite opinions from citizens
  - D. Reading and listening to television and radio reports about the issue

A minority group of citizens would like to see a new zoo built in Brownsville. However, community support is very low, and town council members have not expressed interest in such a project.

2. Which of the following actions would be best for the minority group to pursue if they would like to see a new zoo built?
  - A. Holding a referendum on the issue
  - B. Holding an election vote on the issue
  - C. Arranging a public meeting for debate on the issue
  - D. Writing letters to the local newspaper expressing their point of view
3. The Métis were first recognized as an Aboriginal group under the
  - A. Constitution Act, 1867
  - B. Constitution Act, 1982
  - C. Royal Proclamation, 1763
  - D. Treaty of La Grand Paix de Montréal, 1701
4. Since its formation in 1926, one of the **main** objectives achieved by the Association canadienne-française de l'Alberta (ACFA) over the years is **most likely** the right of Francophone children to Francophone
  - A. education
  - B. health care
  - C. sports programs
  - D. community services

Use the following information to answer the question.

FIGMENTON, AB: A proposed, major highway development is creating quite a stir in Figmenton. The development, slated to begin construction next year, will see a new four lane highway run through the city, allowing for faster travel between the major cities of Glaracy and Fort Albert. The Organization of Alberta Motorists (OAM) is hailing the new highway as "essential" for quick and convenient travel in the province. The Figmenton Business Alliance (FBA) is also thrilled. "This highway means more jobs, more tourism, and more business coming to our city," said FBA leader Calvin Liao. "We've been asking for this development for a long time. Now, Figmenton will become an economic powerhouse."

However, not everyone agrees. In fact, a new group, the Figmenton Homeowners' Association (FHA), has formed to protest the development. "Any property near the highway will plummet in value," said Marthe Schmidt, the FHA president. "We'll have to put up with construction noise, and noise and pollution from all the traffic once the highway is finished."

The president of the Alberta Environmental Protection Foundation (AEP), Roberta Szarko, agrees. "The government has not considered the impact this will have on local wildlife and natural environments. The long-term damage could be drastic."

5. The Figmenton Homeowners' Association is a
  - A. lobby group
  - B. grassroots organization
  - C. government department
  - D. non-governmental organization
  
6. The group **least likely** to receive support from areas outside Figmenton is the
  - A. Figmenton Business Alliance
  - B. Organization of Alberta Motorists
  - C. Figmenton Homeowners Association
  - D. Alberta Environmental Protection Foundation
  
7. The Figmenton Business Alliance is a
  - A. lobby group
  - B. grassroots organization
  - C. government department
  - D. non-governmental organization

A number of people in Trentville feel that the town needs a recreation centre. They organize themselves into a committee and research the cost of building a recreation centre. The committee talks to other people in Trentville and writes letters to *The Trentville Chronicle*, the town's newspaper. Once they have gathered information, the committee meets with the city council. The mayor and all of the councillors like the idea of a recreation centre. They know that the provincial government has put aside some money for community projects. The council thinks that the people of Trentville would approve a small tax increase to help pay for the project. However, the mayor tells the committee that at least one million dollars will have to be raised privately for the recreation centre's construction.

8. The given example **best** supports which of the following conclusions?
  - A. Recreation centres are a provincial responsibility.
  - B. Governments are not responsible for recreation centres.
  - C. Governments and individuals cooperate to meet some needs.
  - D. Community projects are mainly funded by donations from private citizens.
  
9. The Métis Nation of Alberta Association (MNAA) works toward gaining historic and constitutional rights for Alberta's Métis peoples, such as the rights to land, resources, and the ability to self-govern. Which of the following events **most likely** has been of greatest significance to the MNAA's work toward gaining historic and constitutional rights for the Métis peoples?
  - A. The revision of the Constitution Act in 1982
  - B. The creation of First Nations Authorities in Alberta
  - C. The creation of the eight Métis settlements by the Alberta government
  - D. The separation of the territory of Nunavut from the Northwest Territories

10. MLAs can demonstrate their accountability to their constituents in each of the following ways **except** by
- A. holding community breakfasts for constituents
  - B. representing constituents' concerns during government meetings
  - C. meeting with constituents in the constituency office to hear their viewpoints
  - D. making wise personal decisions in government that benefit their constituents
11. Who are the Métis?
- A. Inhabitants of the Arctic region of Canada
  - B. Persons of mixed Aboriginal and European ancestry
  - C. Aboriginal persons from the United States who immigrated to Canada
  - D. Persons of European ancestry who chose to adopt aboriginal customs
12. Services for Alberta's First Nations are run by groups known as
- A. boards
  - B. councils
  - C. authorities
  - D. committees
13. Associations such as the Association canadienne-française de l'Alberta (ACFA), the Métis Nation of Alberta Association (MNAA), and the First Nations Authorities (FNA) **most likely** serve the interests of their members in all of the following ways **except**
- A. protecting their members' rights
  - B. preserving their members' culture
  - C. drafting laws to benefit their members
  - D. being a voice to support their members' interests

## Practice Quiz - Ancient Athens

1. Which of the following statements regarding slavery in ancient Athens is **false**?
  - A. Slaves outnumbered citizens in Athens.
  - B. Only wealthy citizens could afford slaves.
  - C. Household slaves were usually treated well.
  - D. People captured in wars could become slaves.

Use the following information to answer the question.

Phostes was making his way through the busy agora when he spotted a familiar face. "Ephialtes!" he called. His friend turned and squeezed through the crowd to shake his hand. "Phostes, old friend, you're looking well! A little tired, though. Are things busy at your shop?" "Actually, I'm serving as a magistrate this year. I thought it would be easy at first, but now I pray daily for Athena to grant me wisdom," replied Phostes, rubbing his tired eyes. "Well, it's an important job." "That it is. But you're looking pretty happy! How are things?" Ephialtes grinned. "Excellent. I just sold a load of olive oil to a metic from Corinth. I made a great profit too!" "Really? Corinthians are usually tough bargainers," said Phostes. "This one was too busy bending my ear about the Spartan advance on Megara." "Ah. And what did he think about it?" "Well, he was singing Athens's praises and cursing the wicked Spartans. I'm sure if he was in Sparta, he'd be doing the opposite." Phostes laughed. "Of course. Who knows what foreigners really think?" Ephialtes shrugged. "Well, what do you think? Should we let the Spartans have Megara, or should we fight them?" The two friends debated and argued, enjoying themselves greatly. They were deep in conversation when, all of a sudden, a red-dyed rope snaked out and lashed across their garments. Startled, the two men jumped and looked at the red mark on their clothes. The slave who held the rope was careful not to laugh at their surprise. "Have we really been at it that long?" asked Ephialtes in amazement. "I lost track of time!" "So much for a quiet dinner with the wife," Phostes sighed as the rope-wielding slave moved on. "Your wife won't be home until late, remember?" "You're right. I had forgotten. Well, come on. Let's go to the Pnyx." "Yes, I'm looking forward to it. Hey, do you think that Pericles will be there?" "Pericles? Of course! Wild horses couldn't keep him away, especially today!"

2. As a magistrate, Phostes's job was to
  - A. conduct religious ceremonies
  - B. make judgements in a law court
  - C. enforce the will of the Assembly
  - D. help prepare the Assembly's agenda
3. Ephialtes knew that Phostes's wife would not be home. Which of the following statements **best** describes why Phostes's wife was not home?
  - A. She was attending a meeting of the Assembly.
  - B. She was participating in a religious ceremony.

- C. She was gathering crops in Athens's farmlands.
  - D. She was running Phostes's shop while he was busy.
4. The slave struck Phostes and Ephialtes with the dyed rope because they were
- A. being selected for jury duty
  - B. loitering too long in the agora
  - C. violating Athens's curfew law
  - D. being summoned to the Assembly
5. In ancient Greece, *metics* were
- A. messengers
  - B. war captives
  - C. foreign residents
  - D. travelling merchants
6. In ancient Athens, a metic was
- A. a law court official
  - B. an open area in the city
  - C. a foreigner living in Athens
  - D. a general with the Athenian army
7. Which of the following statements about metics is **false**?
- A. They could not own land.
  - B. They could not join the army.
  - C. They could not serve on a jury.
  - D. They could not participate in the Assembly.
8. In which of the following places did the ancient Athenian Assembly meet?
- A. The Pnyx
  - B. The Agora
  - C. The Acropolis
  - D. The Bouleterion
9. Which of the following statements **best** describes the practice of ostracism in ancient Athens?
- A. A jury found a person guilty of a crime.
  - B. A citizen was appointed to the position of strategos.
  - C. The Assembly voted to exile a person from the city.
  - D. A metic became a citizen of Athens for service to the city.
10. Which of the following statements is the **most accurate** criticism of the Athenian political system?
- A. Women had to stay in their homes most of the time.
  - B. Most residents of Athens could not participate in politics.
  - C. Wealthy people had more political power than other citizens.
  - D. Most citizens of Athens did not bother to participate in politics.
11. The Assembly of ancient Athens was made up of
- A. all the male citizens of Athens

- B. five hundred elected representatives
- C. six thousand citizens chosen by lottery
- D. a maximum of 1,500 citizens chosen by a magistrate

12. Athenian democracy is **most closely** associated with which of the following individuals?

- A. Cimon
- B. Pericles
- C. Socrates
- D. Miltiades

13. How were people selected for jury duty in ancient Athens?

- A. They were chosen by the lawyers.
- B. They were chosen by the magistrates.
- C. They were chosen by the Council of 500.
- D. They were chosen using random lotteries.

14. Which of the following statements about Sparta is **false**?

- A. Sparta is west of Athens.
- B. Sparta was militarily weaker than Athens.
- C. Sparta was Athens's main rival in Greece.
- D. Sparta and Athens often fought one another.

15. Which of the following phrases **best** describes the political make-up of ancient Greece?

- A. A kingdom with frequent civil wars
- B. A collection of independent city-states
- C. A loose confederation of competing provinces
- D. A republic where the strongest city became the capital

16. The role of the Council of 500 was to

- A. enforce the decisions of the Assembly
- B. approve the decisions made by the Assembly
- C. coordinate the day-to-day operations of Athens
- D. run the lotteries for important government positions

17. The final decision about war against Sparta would be made by the

- A. Pericles
- B. Council
- C. generals
- D. Assembly

18. How often did the Assembly meet?

- A. Once a day
- B. Once every month
- C. Once every ten days
- D. Once every three months

19. Athenian women rarely left the house except to

- A. visit family and friends
  - B. attend Assembly meetings
  - C. go shopping in the marketplace
  - D. participate in religious ceremonies
20. The council of 500 was made up of
- A. 25 members from each of the twenty tribes of Attica
  - B. 50 members from each of the ten tribes of Attica
  - C. 100 members from each of the five tribes of Attica
  - D. 125 members from each of the four tribes of Attica
21. Pnyx and Ephialtes wanted to go to the Pnyx because the Pnyx was where
- A. the Assembly met
  - B. Athenians had their homes
  - C. Athens's theatres were located
  - D. the great temples of Athens were located
22. If a citizen married a metic, children of the couple would have what status?
- A. The children would be metics.
  - B. The children would be citizens.
  - C. The children would have the same status as the father.
  - D. The children would have the same status as the mother.
23. The people in charge of the Athenian courts were called
- A. archons
  - B. tribunes
  - C. strategoi
  - D. magistrates
24. Which of the following statements **best** describes the political role of women in ancient Athens?
- A. They participated equally with men.
  - B. They could only be selected for jury duty.
  - C. They could only participate in the Assembly.
  - D. They were not allowed to participate in politics.
25. This conversation suggests that Athenians generally viewed *metics* with
- A. fear
  - B. hatred
  - C. mistrust
  - D. admiration
26. Pericles was a prominent Athenian
- A. priest
  - B. general
  - C. magistrate
  - D. philosopher
27. What was an Athenian woman's **main** duty?

- A. To educate her children
- B. To run the family business
- C. To obey her father or husband
- D. To cook and clean for the family

28. Which Greek city-state was Athens's **main** rival?

- A. Sparta
- B. Thebes
- C. Piraeus
- D. Corinth

29. How long did the chairman of the Council of 500 serve in his role?

- A. One day
- B. One week
- C. One month
- D. One year



## Practice Quiz – Iroquois Confederacy

1. Which of the following nations was the last to join the Iroquois Confederacy?
  - A. The Seneca
  - B. The Oneida
  - C. The Mohawk
  - D. The Tuscarora
2. In Iroquois tradition, the Three Sisters are
  - A. crops grown for food
  - B. Hiawatha's daughters
  - C. the sun, moon, and Earth
  - D. lakes Huron, Erie, and Ontario

Use the following information to answer the next question.

### Sequence of Events at Grand Council Meetings

- I. The Tuscarora, as Firekeepers, opened the meeting.
- II. The Mohawk and Onondaga were the first to discuss the matter under consideration.
- III. The Oneida and Cayuga were the next to discuss the matter under consideration.
- IV. The council chiefs voted on the matter that had been discussed.

3. Which of the given events from the Grand Council meetings is **true**?
  - A. I
  - B. II
  - C. III
  - D. IV
4. When making a decision, a chief's most important consideration was
  - A. the Great Law of Peace
  - B. the wishes of the clan mother
  - C. the will of his nation's people
  - D. the needs of future generations

Use the following information to answer the question(s).

The worried Mohawk villagers were gathered around the central fire. This year's harvest was poor. And, as if that weren't serious enough, the Algonquin had raided Mohawk lands. They had taken much of the corn, beans, and squash the villagers would need to last through the coming winter.

"I have heard from the other villages," said Onaroyaneh, the Bear clan mother. "They are short of food too. Unless we can get more food, our nation will starve this winter."

"Some of our crops may ripen late. At least that is something," said one woman. "How about the men? Can they do anything to help?"

"It will not be enough," said Ayonwaehs, the Mohawk war chief. He was angry and ashamed about the Algonquin raids.

"If the Algonquin have taken our food, let us take theirs!" cried one angry man. "Let Ayonwaehs lead a war band. Let us fight!" Several other people nodded and shouted their agreement. They were angry too.

"No."

As one, the villagers looked to their chief, Takarihoken, who was gazing into the fire.

"Why not?" exclaimed the angry man. "Are we warriors or cowards?"

Takarihoken looked up at the man. "We are warriors," he said calmly. "But we must not act rashly. The Algonquin were clearly after our food. This means that they have had a poor harvest too. They will protect their food at all costs. An attack now would risk much and gain us little."

The angry man nodded reluctantly. "What can we do, then?" he asked.

"The Mohawk Nation is in danger. Let us send a messenger to the Firekeepers and ask them to call the Grand Council together. Let us ask our brother nations for aid."

Around the fire, men and women were nodding in agreement. "Very well, then," said Onaroyaneh. "Ayonwaehs, please send messengers. We will leave soon."

As the villagers dispersed, Onaroyaneh went to sit near Takarihoken. "I am proud of you, Chief Takarihoken. You did well," she said.

"It may yet come to war," he replied. "Many people are angry."

"Yes," she agreed. "But war now would be madness. The clan mothers will not allow it."

5. In the given story, a woman asks if the men can help. She is **not** asking if the men can
  - A. go fishing
  - B. hunt animals
  - C. help harvest crops
  - D. raid elsewhere for food
  
6. Takarihoken became chief of his Mohawk clan because
  - A. he inherited the title from his father
  - B. the people of his clan elected him
  - C. the clan mother appointed him
  - D. he was the clan's best warrior
  
7. Onaroyaneh is **most likely** proud of Takarihoken because he displays
  - A. respect
  - B. wisdom
  - C. courage
  - D. compassion
  
8. Who were the Firekeepers?
  - A. The Onondaga nation
  - B. Iroquois spiritual leaders
  - C. Experts in the Great Law
  - D. The Grand Council chiefs
  
9. Onaroyaneh is confident that the clan mothers will not allow a war. The clan mothers could prevent war by
  - A. taking the chiefs' titles away
  - B. overturning the chiefs' decision
  - C. ordering the war chiefs to disobey
  - D. withholding food from the warriors
  
10. Of all the Iroquois nations, the Mohawk were farthest to the

- A. east
- B. west
- C. north
- D. south

Use the following information to answer the question(s).

"The chiefs of the Onondaga welcome their brothers to the Grand Council," said Tadodaho. "Today, we meet to discuss a concern brought to us by Takarihoken of the Mohawk. We believe Takarihoken should act as spokesman. Does anyone object?" No one did. Takarihoken explained the poor harvest and the Algonquin raids. "The Mohawk ask that you, our brother nations, come to our aid. Without food, we will starve. We would also ask that you send warriors to help us stop further raids, at least until winter comes."

The chiefs of the nations discussed the matter quietly amongst themselves. Soon, one of the Seneca chiefs rose to speak.

"The Seneca have had a great harvest of corn this season," said the chief. "We can share our harvest with the Mohawk, so they will not starve. However, we have no warriors to spare. Perhaps our Younger Brothers can help."

This sparked a lively discussion amongst the Oneida and Cayuga chiefs. The other chiefs waited patiently until they were finished.

"The lands of the Oneida are closest to the Mohawk," said a Cayuga chief. "Therefore, their warriors will arrive quickly. Let the Oneida send warriors to the Mohawk. The Cayuga are close to the Seneca. Our warriors will help carry the corn and guard it during transportation."

Tadodaho conferred with his fellow chiefs and nodded. "This is what is proposed. The Seneca will provide corn. The Cayuga will transport and guard it. The Oneida will send warriors to help guard Mohawk lands until the snows come. Chief Takarihoken, is this acceptable to the Mohawk?"

The Mohawk barely needed to confer at all. "It is, Tadodaho. We humbly thank our brothers."

11. The given passage shows that the Iroquois felt strongly about the importance of
  - A. civility
  - B. security
  - C. generosity
  - D. community
12. The Seneca chief referred to the Oneida and Cayuga as "Younger Brothers" because the Oneida and Cayuga
  - A. were the last to join the Confederacy
  - B. had fewer chiefs than the other nations
  - C. chiefs were younger than the Seneca chief
  - D. nations were smaller than the other nations
13. Deganawidah, who brought the Great Law of Peace to the Iroquois, is called the
  - A. Peacegiver
  - B. Peacemaker
  - C. Peacekeeper
  - D. Peacebringer

14. The **most common** way for an Iroquois woman to become a clan mother was to
- A. win an election within the clan
  - B. be appointed by the Grand Council
  - C. be appointed by the nation's chiefs
  - D. inherit the title from her own mother
15. By what name do the Iroquois call themselves?
- A. Irinakhoiw
  - B. Onundagaono
  - C. Haudenosaunee
  - D. Gayanekshagowa
16. The Two Row Wampum was created to represent
- A. a treaty with the Dutch
  - B. the Great Law of Peace
  - C. a traditional Iroquois legend
  - D. the Five Nations of the Iroquois
17. Which nation hosted the Grand Council of the Iroquois?
- A. The Seneca
  - B. The Oneida
  - C. The Mohawk
  - D. The Onondaga
18. Which of the following tasks would an Iroquois man have been **least likely** to perform?
- A. Fishing
  - B. Hunting
  - C. Farming
  - D. Carpentry
19. The number of chiefs for each nation was determined by
- A. the total population of the nation
  - B. the number of clans within the nation
  - C. the pre-Confederation number of chiefs
  - D. the number of villages within the nation
20. At the Grand Council, the Mohawk and Seneca chiefs were called the
- A. Firekeepers
  - B. Elder Brothers
  - C. Chiefs of the East
  - D. Guardians of the Door
21. On the Hiawatha Wampum belt, the four squares represent
- A. longhouses
  - B. Iroquois nations
  - C. The Path of Peace
  - D. The leaves of the Great Tree

22. Which of the following statements regarding consensus decision-making is **false**?
- A. It puts the interests of the group first.
  - B. It can require a lot of time and discussion.
  - C. It works best with smaller groups of people.
  - D. It is a common practice in most modern democracies.
23. The **main** role of the faithkeepers was to
- A. preserve Iroquois culture
  - B. conduct important ceremonies
  - C. craft wampum strings and belts
  - D. advise the Grand Council chiefs
24. Where are the traditional lands of the Iroquois located?
- A. The Lake Ontario area (modern-day New York)
  - B. The Hudson Bay area (modern-day north Ontario)
  - C. The Great Plains (modern-day Montana and Alberta)
  - D. The northeast coast of Canada (modern-day Labrador)
25. Which of the following statements regarding the Grand Council spokesman is **false**?
- A. The spokesman only served for a day.
  - B. The spokesman was an Onondaga chief.
  - C. The spokesman followed the rules of the Great Law.
  - D. The spokesman announced the issue to be discussed.
26. The Great Law of Peace was brought to the Iroquois by a Huron man named
- A. Hiawatha
  - B. Tadodaho
  - C. Deganawidah
  - D. Thayendanegea
27. Who were the Firekeepers?
- A. The Onondaga nation
  - B. Iroquois spiritual leaders
  - C. Experts in the Great Law
  - D. The Grand Council chiefs
28. How many Tuscarora chiefs were on the Grand Council?
- A. 0
  - B. 7
  - C. 12
  - D. 14
29. This Grand Council meeting is an example of
- A. authoritarianism
  - B. direct democracy
  - C. representative democracy
  - D. consensus decision making
30. Which nation hosted the Grand Council of the Iroquois?

- A. The Seneca
- B. The Oneida
- C. The Mohawk
- D. The Onondaga